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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/081,564	02/22/2002	Victor Kadziela	500-151 (LC-442)	1987
75	90 03/15/2004		EXAMINER	
Daniel A. Scola, Jr.			SERGENT, RABON A	
HOFFMANN & 6900 Jericho Tu	•		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Syosset, NY I			1711	
			DATE MAILED: 03/15/200	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/081,564	KADZIELA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Rabon Sergent	1711			
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	th the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIOI - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thir tod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tute, cause the application to become AE	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communicatio BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	n.		
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02	? January 2004.				
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ T	his action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D). 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-24 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without 5) Claim(s) 1,6,8-15 and 18-24 is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 2-5,7,16 and 17 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	lrawn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a Applicant may not request that any objection to t Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	ccepted or b) objected to he drawing(s) be held in abeyar rection is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documed 2. Certified copies of the priority documed 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Burd * See the attached detailed Office action for a line in the papplication from the International Burd * See the attached detailed Office action for a line in the papplication from the International Burd * See the attached detailed Office action for a line in the papplication from the International Burd * See the attached detailed Office action for a line in the papplication from the International Burd * See the attached detailed Office action for a line in the papplication for a line in the	ents have been received. ents have been received in A riority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of Paferances Cited (PTO 892)	4) 🗍 Intonious	Summary (PTO-413)			
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 	Paper No(s)/Mail Date			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/Paper No(s)/Mail Date	08) 5) Notice of I 6) Other:	nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

1. Claims 2-5 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Within claims 2-5, it is unclear if the language, "a di-functional monomer" and "a monofunctional monomer", corresponds to the di- or poly-functional urethane acrylate monomer and the mono-functional urethane acrylate monomer, respectively, of claim 1. Furthermore, despite applicants' response, the position is taken that the claim language as set forth introduces an unnecessary degree of ambiguity into the claims. Applicants should clarify the claim language to make it clear that the monomers of claims 2-5 correspond to the monomers of claim 1.

Within claim 7, it is unclear if the language, "a polyester aliphatic urethane-acrylate", further defines one of the specified monomers within claim 1 or represents a component in addition to the monomers of claim 1. The relationship of the polyester aliphatic urethane-acrylate to the recited components within claim 1 should be clarified.

2. Claims 16 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for curable compositions having a Shore A hardness of about 55 or less, when cured, does not reasonably provide enablement for compositions having high hardness values, when cured. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

Throughout the specification, applicants have stressed that the curable compositions of the instant invention have a Shore A hardness of about 55 or less when cured. Furthermore, applicants have failed to provide adequate guidance for modifying the disclosed compositions to

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yield viable, cured compositions having higher hardness values; therefore, the position is taken that applicants' claims should be limited to compositions that have the disclosed hardness value when cured.

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

4. Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Tortorello et al. ('021 or '361).

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Patentees disclose radiation curable glass fiber coating compositions comprising a polyfunctional urethane acrylate, a monofunctional urethane acrylate, a reactive diluent, and a photoinitiator, each of which corresponding to the claimed components, wherein the components are used in quantities that meet those claimed. See abstract and columns 2-7, especially column 7, lines 25-43.

5. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tortorello et al. ('021 or '361) in view of Szum et al. ('593).

As aforementioned, Tortorello et al. disclose radiation curable compositions comprising a polyfunctional urethane acrylate, a monofunctional urethane acrylate, a reactive diluent, and a photoinitiator, wherein the components are used in quantities that meet those claimed.

6. However, while the polyfunctional urethane acrylate, the monofunctional urethane acrylate, and the photoinitiator correspond to those claimed by applicants, patentees fail to disclose the use of 2(2-ethoxyethoxy)-ethylacrylate as the reactive diluent. Still, 2(2-ethoxyethoxy)-ethylacrylate was a known reactive diluent for radiation curable fiber coating compositions at the time of invention. Szum et al. disclose the use of ethoxyethoxy ethylacrylate in such an application. Therefore, since it has held that it is obvious to utilize a known compound for its known function, the position is taken that it would have been obvious to utilize the known reactive diluent within the invention of Tortorello et al. *In re Linder*, 173 USPQ 356; *In re Dial et al.*, 140 USPQ 244.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to R. Sergent at telephone number (571) 272-1079.

R. Sergent March 6, 2004